Momentum and Im	pulse introd	uction
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Momentum and impulse in	troduction			
1. Velocity is how		an object is traveling		
2. Velocity is a vector beca	use it has both	magnitude	and	ection
		m/s		
4. The measurement of ho	w much matter is	in an object is the object's _	mass	and
the fundamental SI unit is	Kg	·		
5. When an object moves	with a velocity and	d it has mass, it has	nomentum	
6. An object's momentum	is a product of the	e object's	and	velocity.
7. The SI unit for moment	tum is	Kgm/s	·	
8. If an object is not mov	ing, its momentum	is Zero	no matter how much	mass the object has.
9. To change an object's	momentum, a	force	is applied over	time.
This is called	npulse	·		
10. The fundamental SI	unit for impulse is	, NS	·	
Practice problems:				
11. A 2000 kg elephant is moving at 5.0 m/s. What is the elephant's momentum?				
Formula:	Plug in nun	nbers:	Answer:	

Formula:	Plug in numbers:	Answer:
P=mv	P= (2000 kg) (5.0 mls)	10,000 kgm/s

12. If a 0.1kg mouse is moving at the same speed of the elephant, what is the mouse's momentum?

Formula:	Plug in numbers:	Answer:
P=mV	P = (0.1 kg)(5.0 m/s)	0.5 kgm/s

13. What is the mass of a runner that has a momentum of 360 kgm/s and is moving with a velocity of 6m/s?

Formula:	Plug in numbers:	Answer:
P=mv	360 mgm = m (6m/s)	60 kg

14. A baseball bat hits a baseball and applies a 20 N force for 0.50 seconds. What is the impulse on the ball?

J=Ft

Formula:

Plug in numbers:

J=(.20 N)(.50 s)

Answer:

DNS

15. When hit with a bat, 17,500 Ns of impulse acts on a baseball. If the impulse acts on the baseball for 0.53 seconds, what is the magnitude of force acting on the baseball?

Formula:

J=Ft

Plug in numbers:

17,500NS=F (.53s)

Answer:

33018.9 N