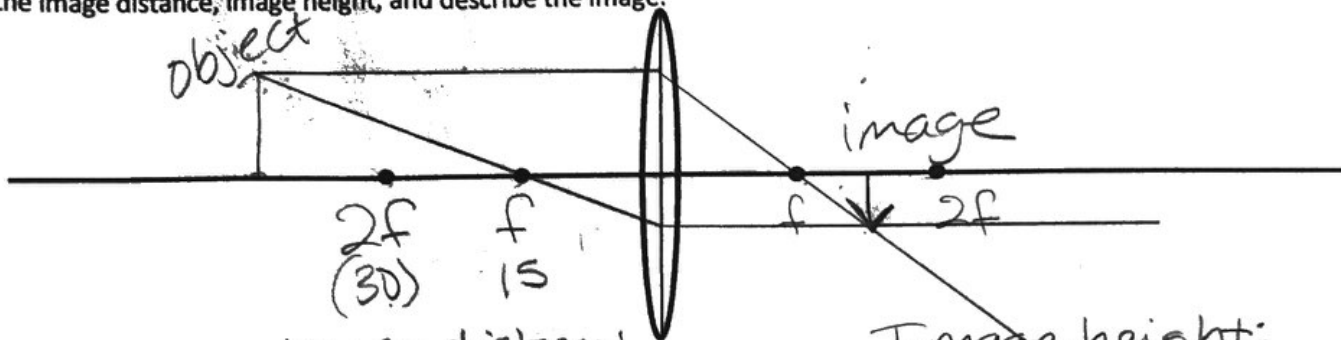


Convex Lens Practice Worksheet

Name: Key

1. A 15 cm object is placed 45 cm from a convex lens, which has a focal length of 15 cm . Draw a ray diagram and solve for the image distance, image height, and describe the image.



Find the image distance:

Image distance:

$$\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{d_i} + \frac{1}{d_o}$$

$$\frac{1}{15} = \frac{1}{d_i} + \frac{1}{45}$$

Find the image height:

$$.067 = \frac{1}{d_i} + .022$$

$$-.022 \quad \quad \quad -.022$$

$$d_i \times .045 = \frac{1}{d_i} \times d_i$$

$$d_i (.045) = \frac{1}{.045}$$

$$d_i = 22.2\text{ cm}$$

Image height:

$$\frac{h_i}{h_o} = \frac{-d_i}{d_o}$$

$$\frac{h_i}{15} = \frac{-22.2}{45}$$

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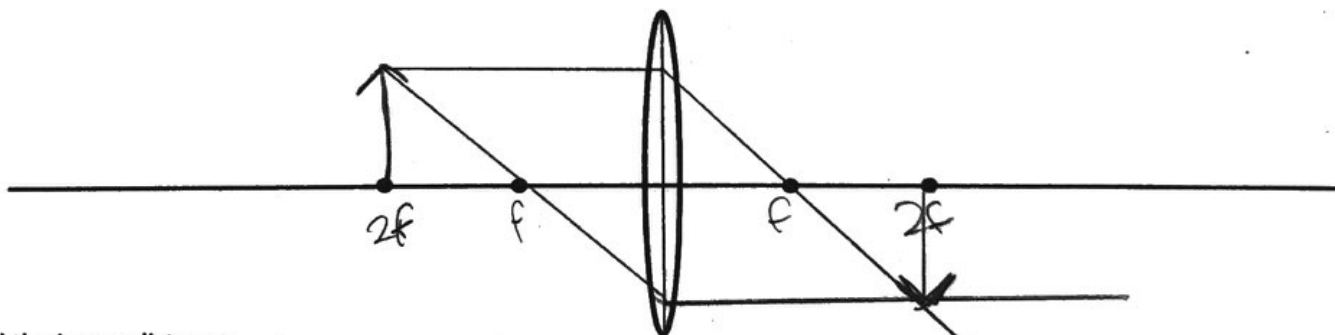
$$h_i = -.493 \times 15$$

$$h_i = -7.4\text{ cm}$$

Describe the image:

Smaller, inverted, real

2. A 15 cm object is placed 30 cm from the convex lens. The lens has a focal length of 15 cm . Draw a ray diagram and solve for the image distance, image height, and describe the image.



Find the image distance:

$$\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{d_i} + \frac{1}{d_o}$$

$$\frac{1}{15} = \frac{1}{d_i} + \frac{1}{30}$$

Find the image height:

$$.067 = \frac{1}{d_i} + .033$$

$$-.033 \quad \quad \quad -.033$$

$$.034 = \frac{1}{d_i}$$

$$d_i = \frac{1}{.034}$$

$$d_i = 29.4\text{ cm}$$

$$\frac{h_i}{h_o} = \frac{-d_i}{d_o}$$

$$\frac{h_i}{15} = \frac{-29.4}{30}$$

$$\frac{h_i}{15} = \frac{-29.4}{30}$$

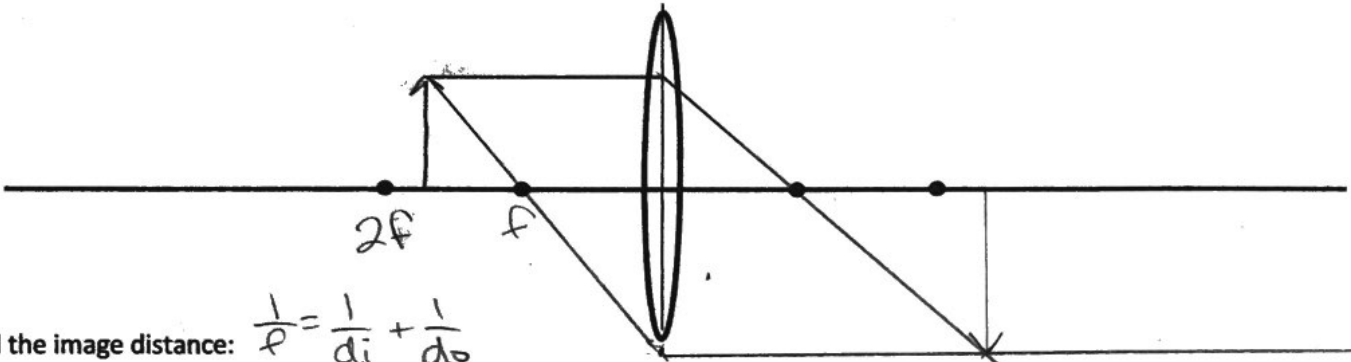
$$h_i = -.98 \times 15$$

$$h_i = -14.7\text{ cm}$$

same size
inverted
real.

Describe the image:

3. A 15cm object is placed 20 cm from the convex lens. The lens has a focal length of 15 cm. Draw a ray diagram and solve for the image distance, image height, and describe the image.



Find the image distance:

$$\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{d_i} + \frac{1}{d_o}$$

$$\frac{1}{15} = \frac{1}{d_i} + \frac{1}{20}$$

$$\frac{.067}{-.05} = \frac{1}{d_i} + .05$$

$$\frac{h_i}{h_o} = \frac{-d_i}{d_o}$$

Find the image height:

$$.017 = \frac{1}{d_i}$$

$$d_i = \frac{1}{.017}$$

$$d_i = 58.8 \text{ cm}$$

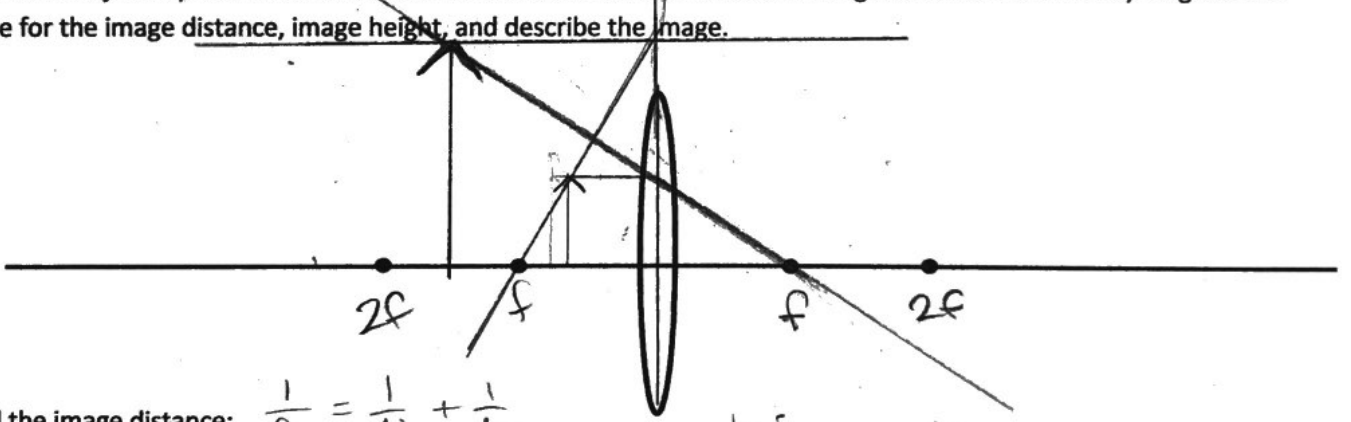
$$\frac{h_i}{15} = \frac{-58.8}{20}$$

$$h_i = -44.1 \text{ cm}$$

Describe the image:

bigger, inverted, real

4. A 15cm object is placed 10 cm from the convex lens. The lens has a focal length of 15 cm. Draw a ray diagram and solve for the image distance, image height, and describe the image.



Find the image distance:

$$\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{d_i} + \frac{1}{d_o}$$

$$\frac{1}{15} = \frac{1}{d_i} + \frac{1}{10}$$

$$.067 = \frac{1}{d_i} + .1$$

$$\frac{h_i}{h_o} = \frac{-d_i}{d_o}$$

Find the image height:

$$-1 = \frac{1}{d_i} + .1$$

$$-.033 = \frac{1}{d_i}$$

$$d_i = \frac{1}{-.033}$$

$$d_i = -30$$

$$\frac{h_i}{15} = \frac{+30}{10}$$

$$\frac{h_i}{15} = 3 \times 15$$

$$h_i = 45 \text{ cm}$$

Describe the image:

bigger, upright, virtual